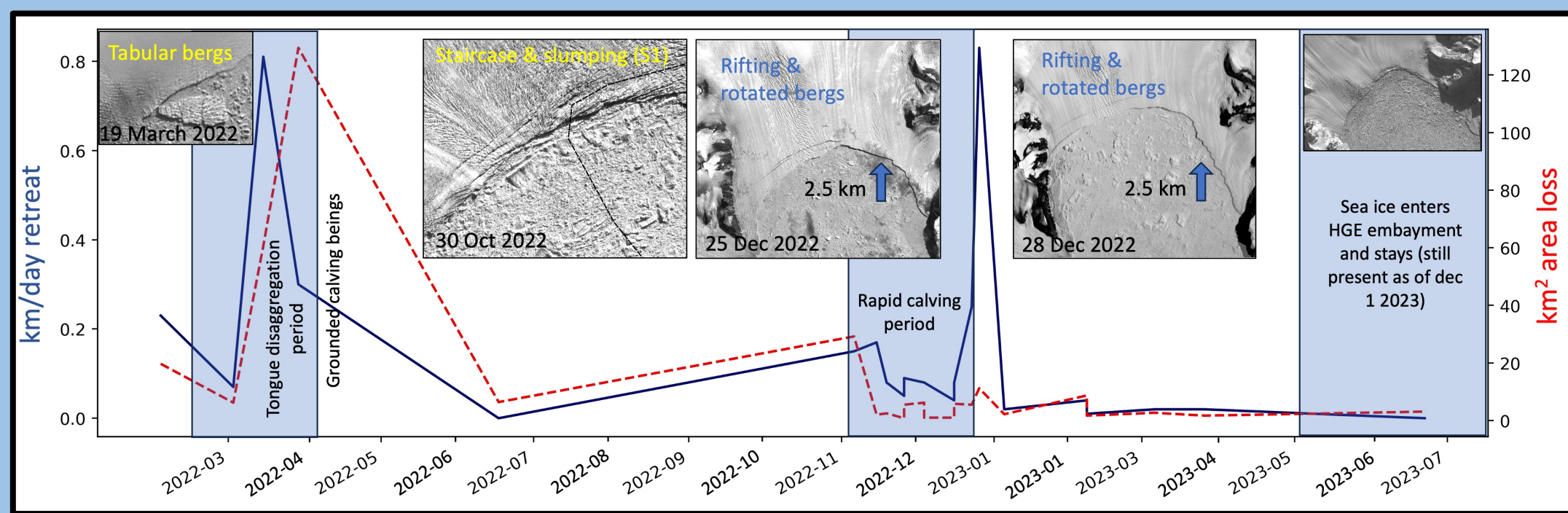
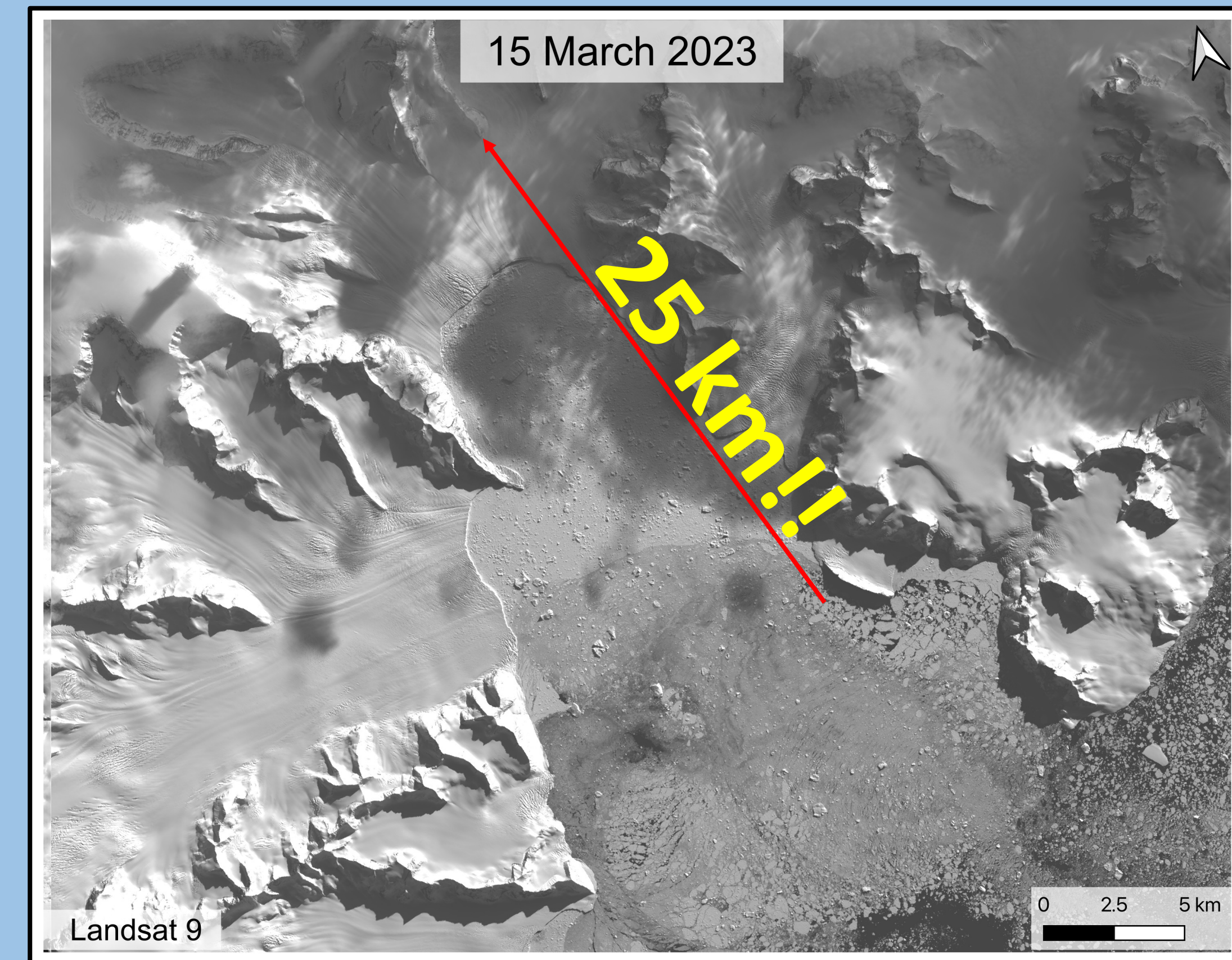
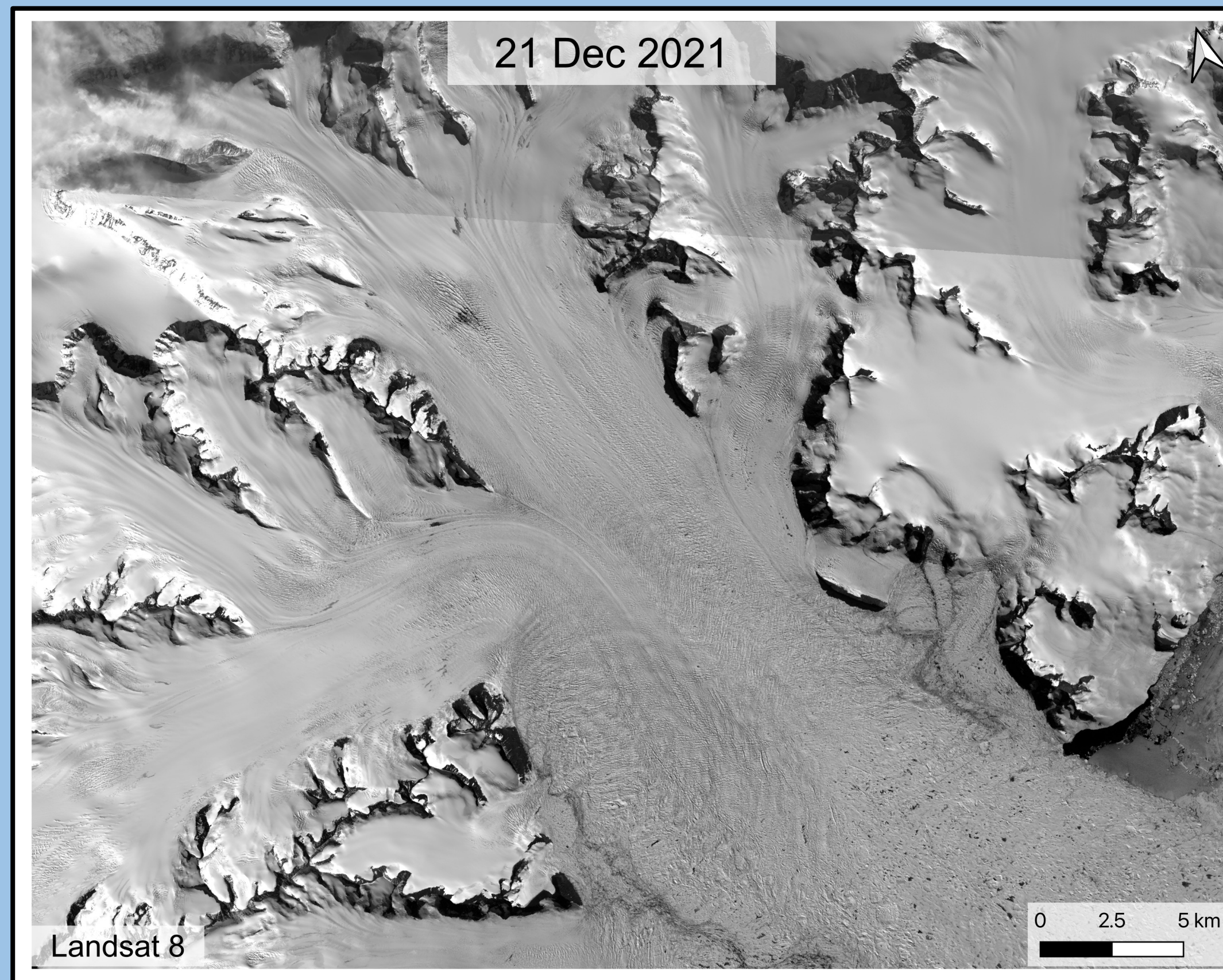
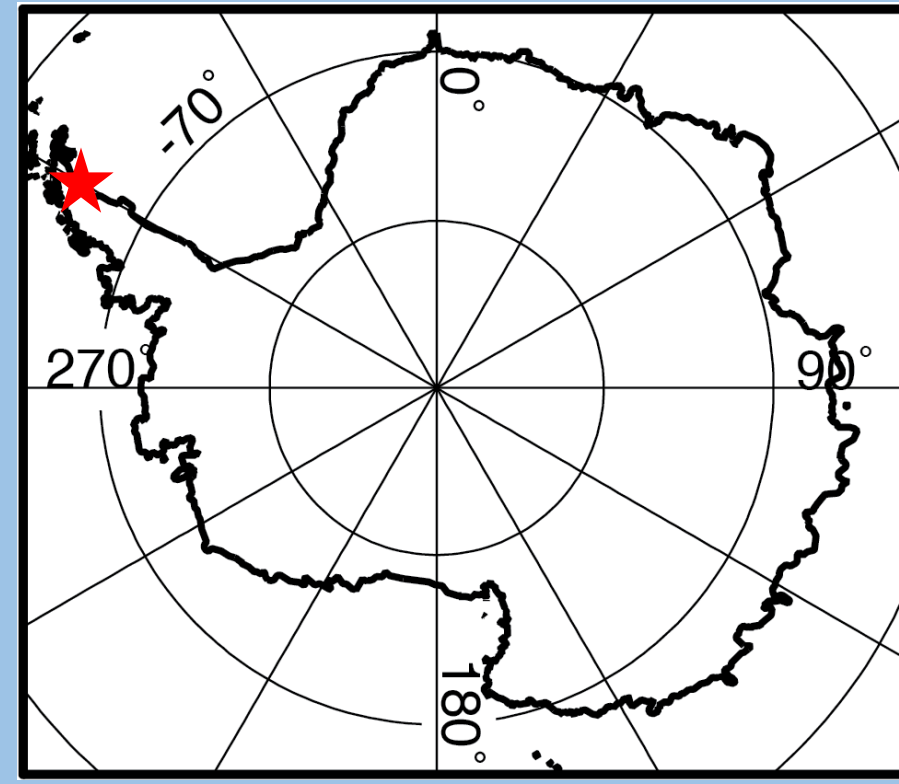


Hektoria Glacier's Unprecedented Rapid Retreat

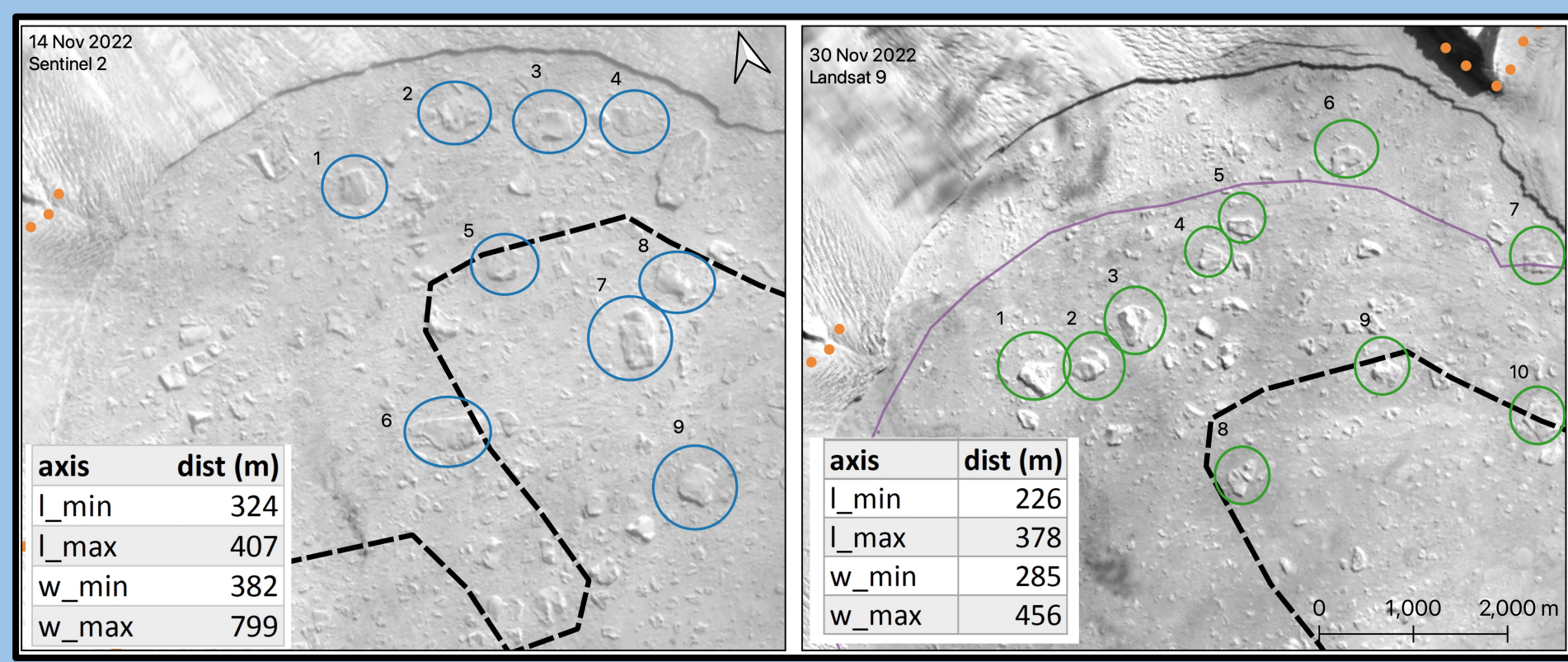
Naomi E. Ochwat^{1,2}, Ted A. Scambos¹, Robert S. Anderson³, Adrian Luckman⁴, Etienne Berthier⁵, and Maud Bernat⁵

What Happened?

After the loss of the decade old fast-ice in the **Larsen B** embayment in January 2022, Hektoria and Green Glacier retreated **25 km** over the period of **14 months** (Ochwat et al., 2024). This is **faster** than any known tidewater glacier retreat.

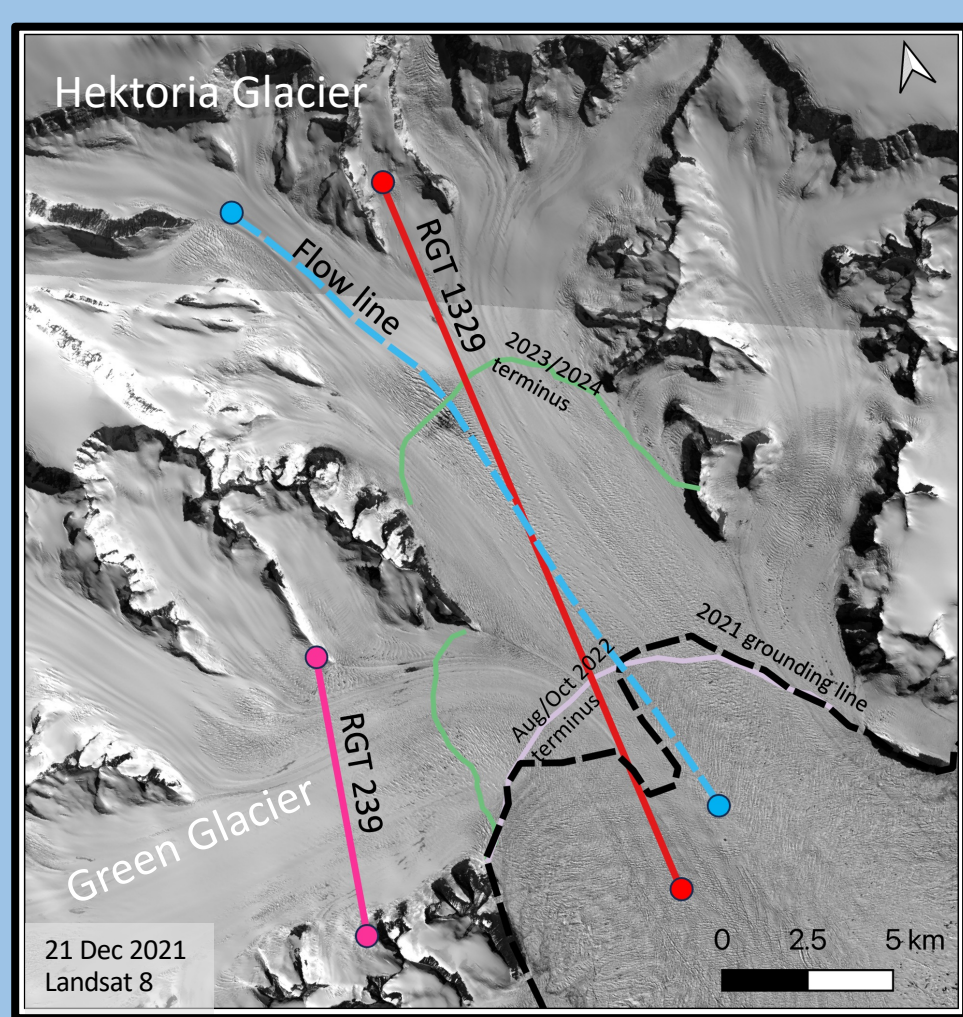


The retreat occurred in several phases. The key period of rapid retreat was from **November-December 2022**, where **9 km** of grounded ice was lost.

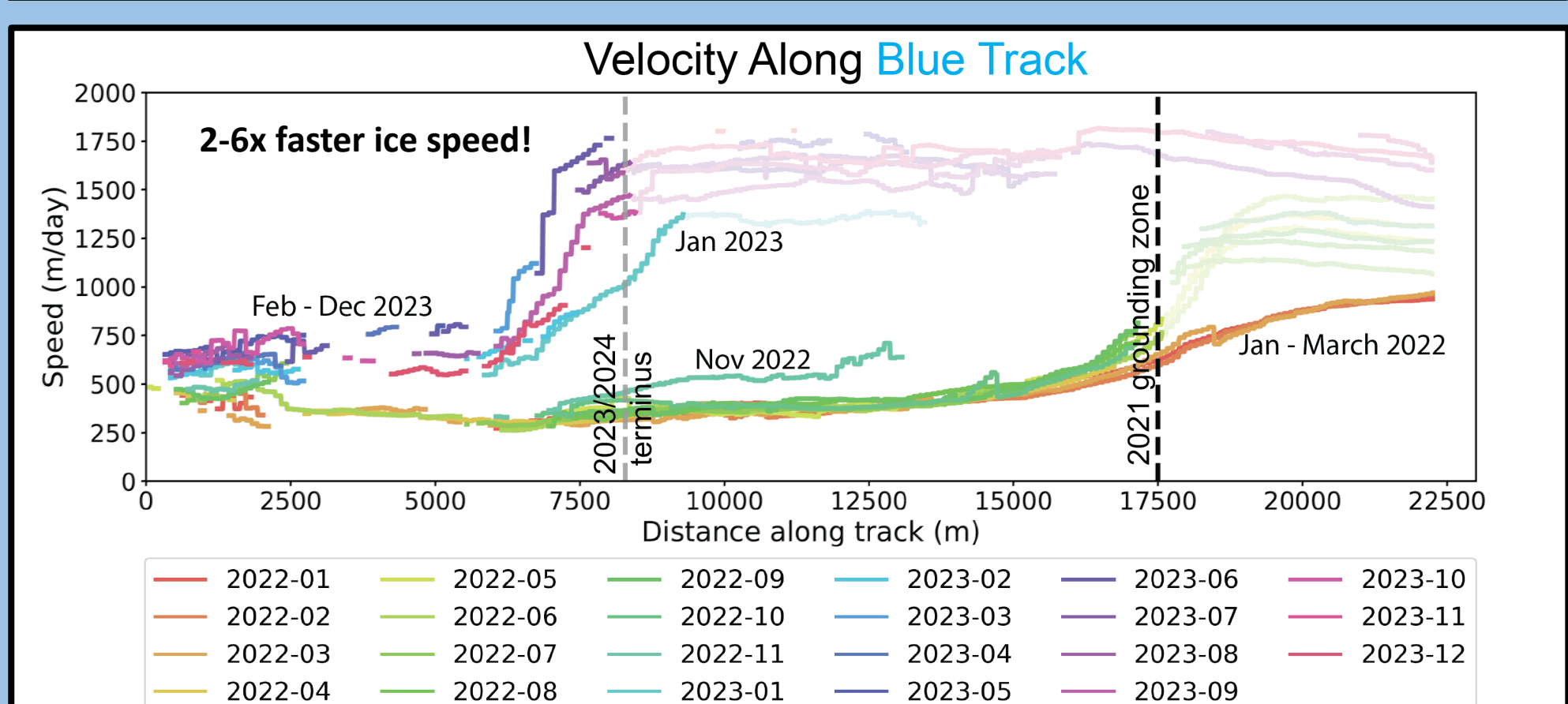
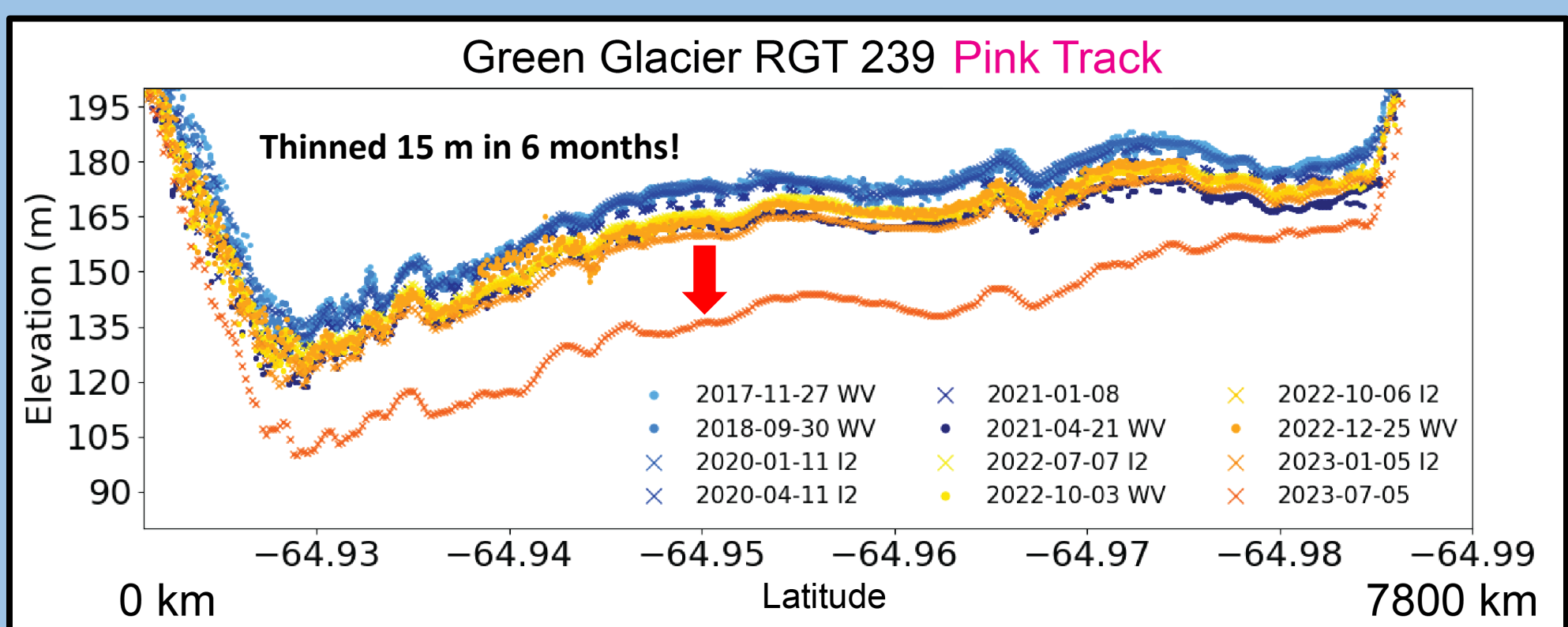
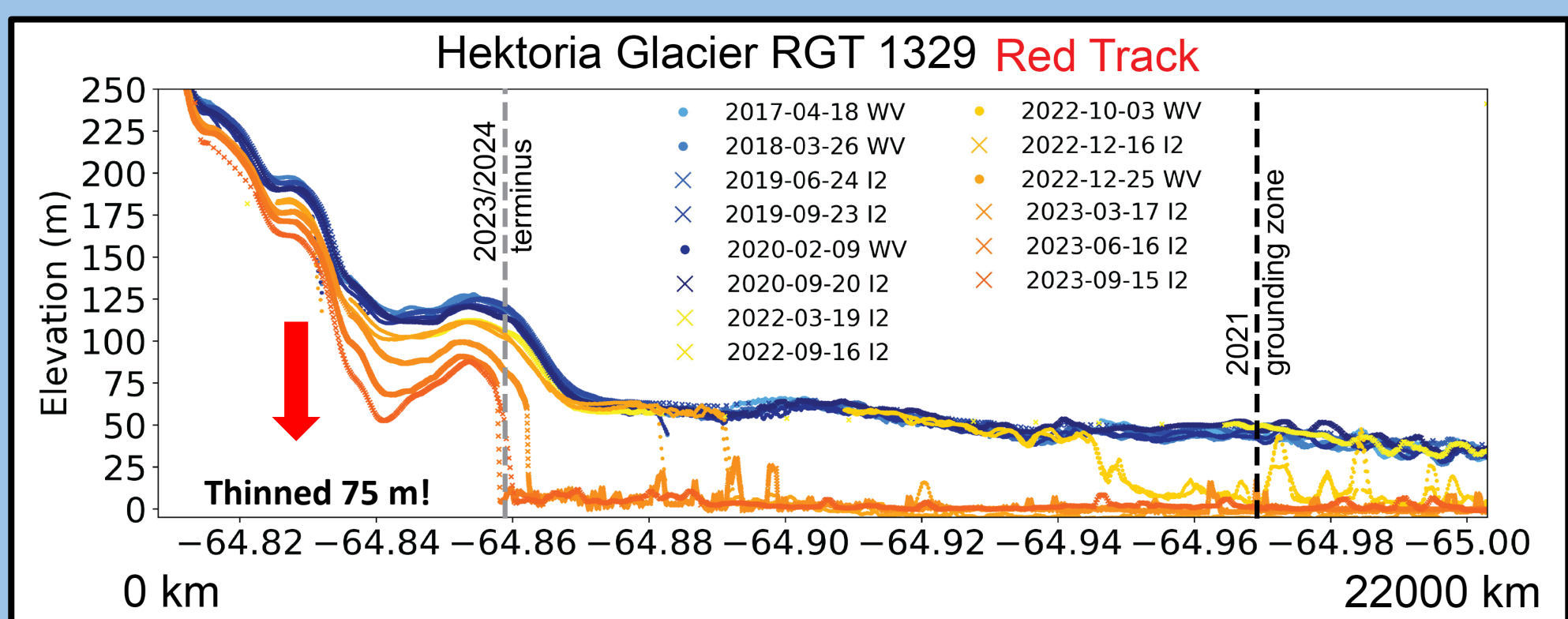


We can infer **ice thickness minimum** through analyzing the size of the tabular and toppled icebergs. Hektoria's grounded ice was at least **~380 m** thick.

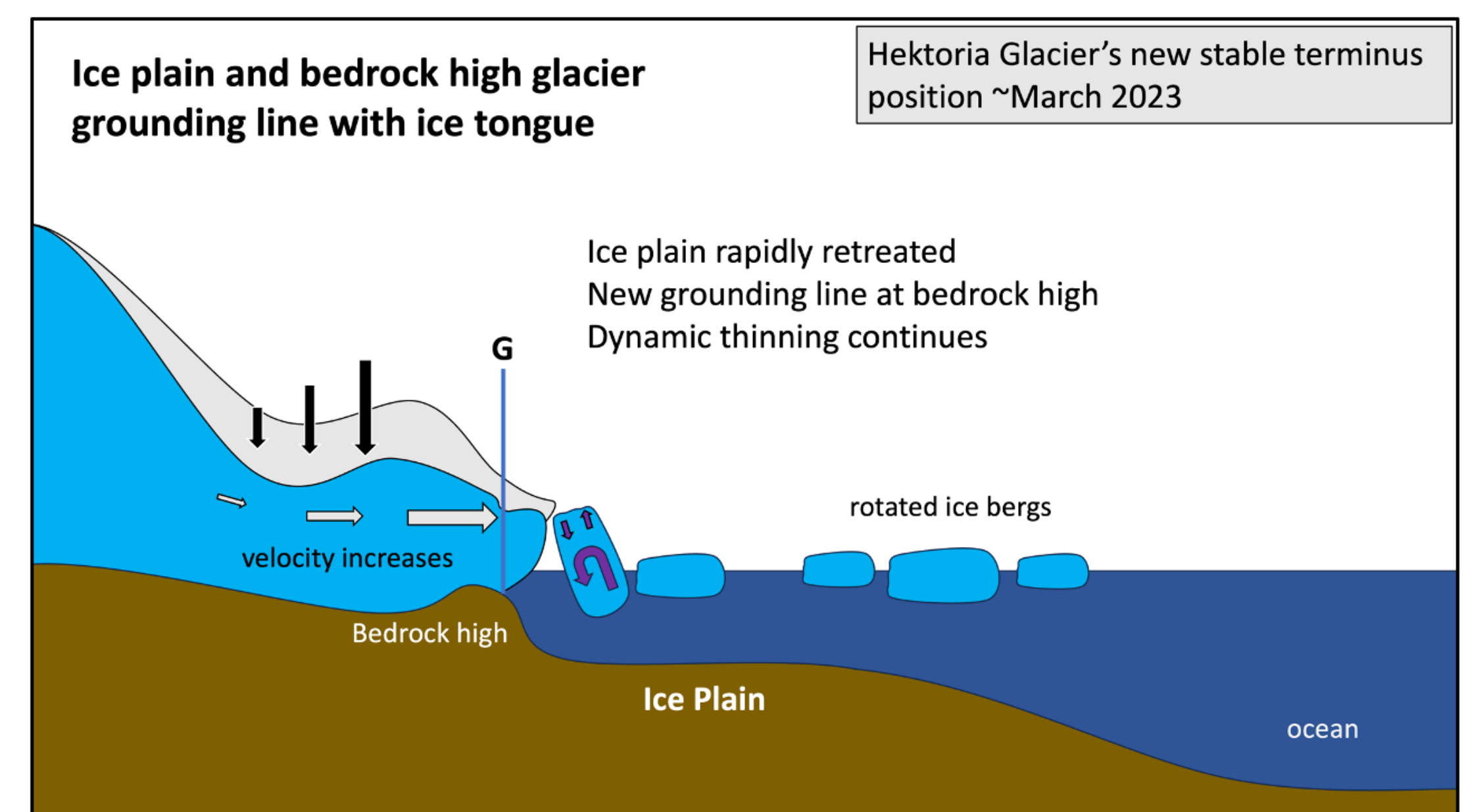
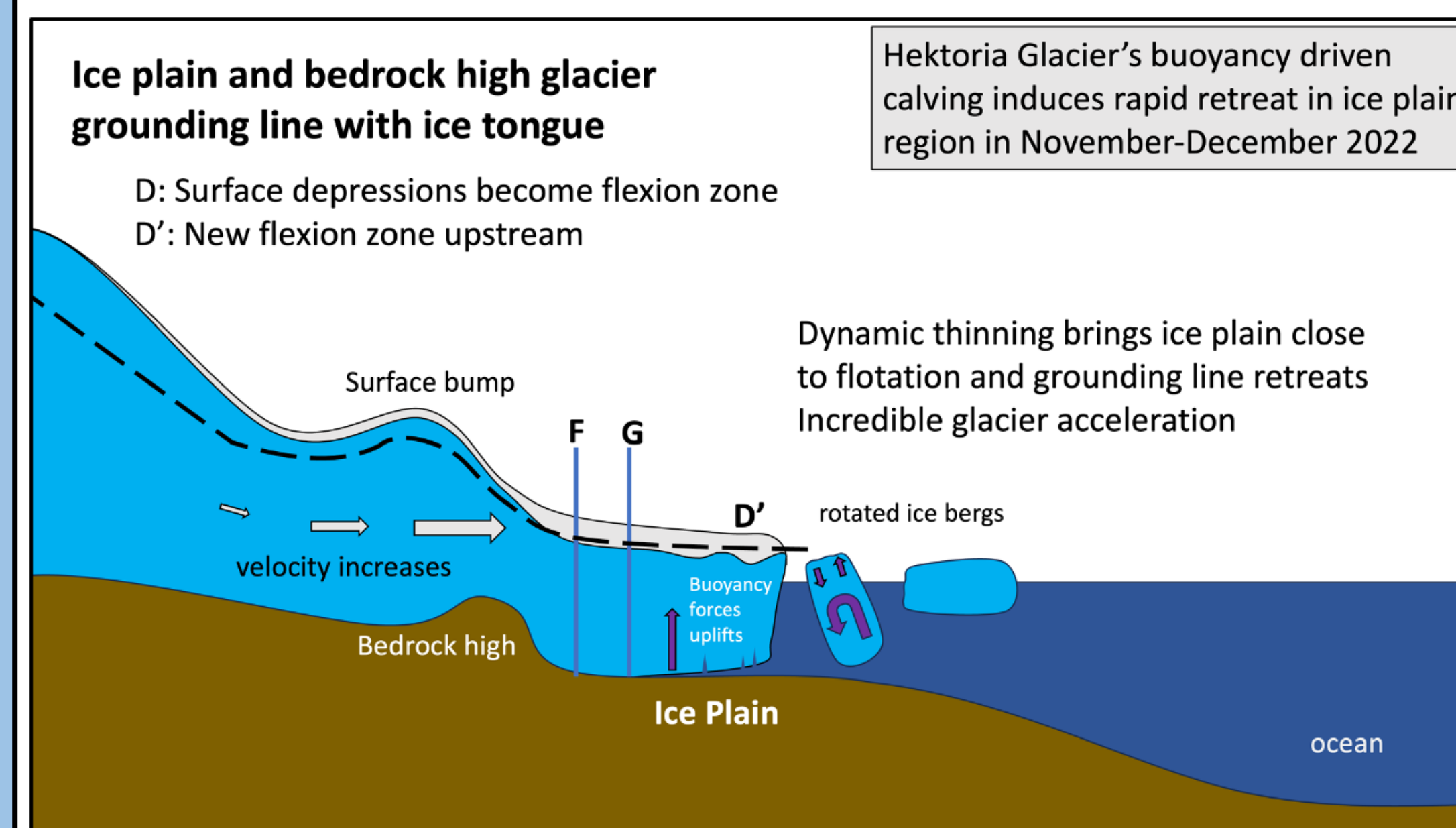
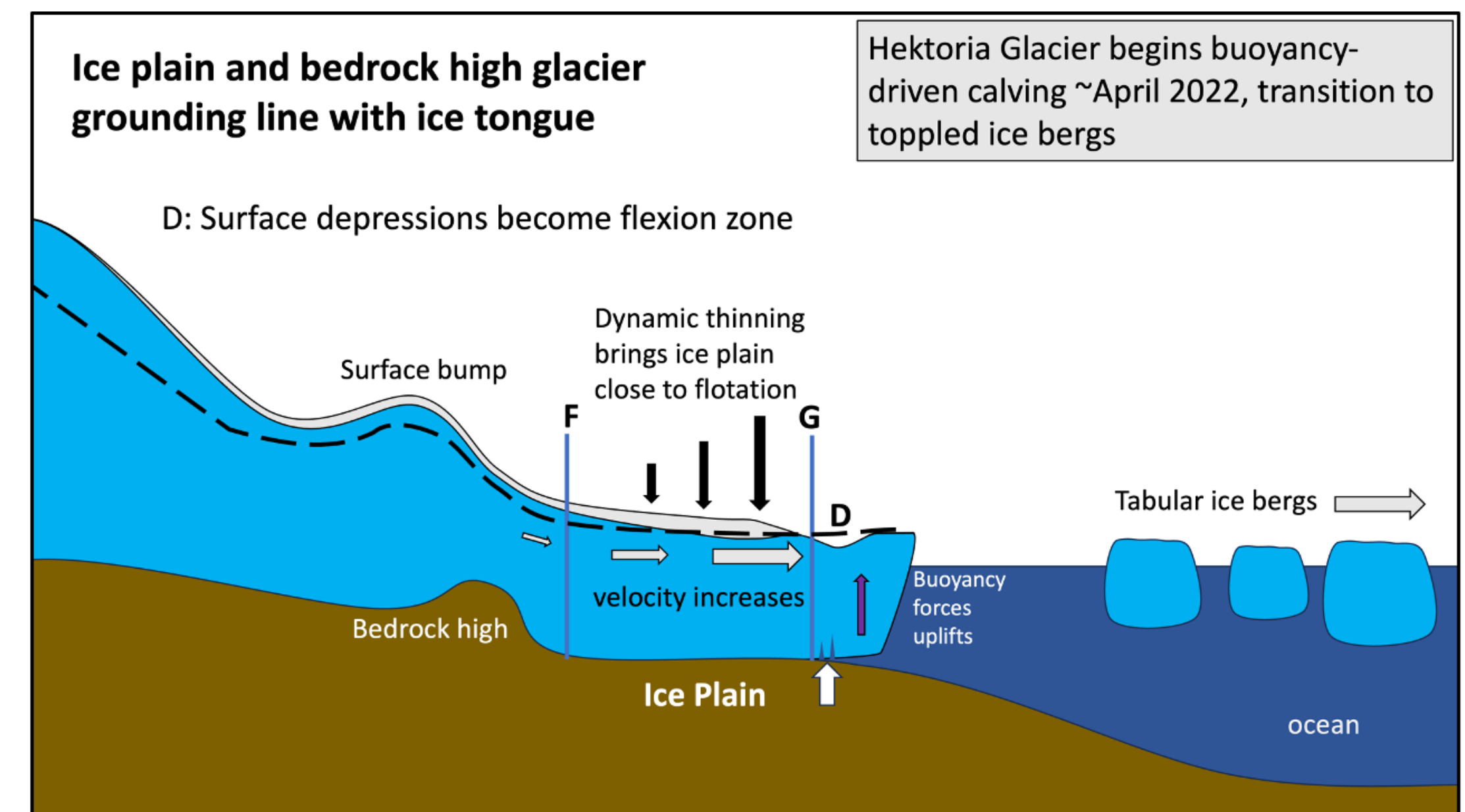
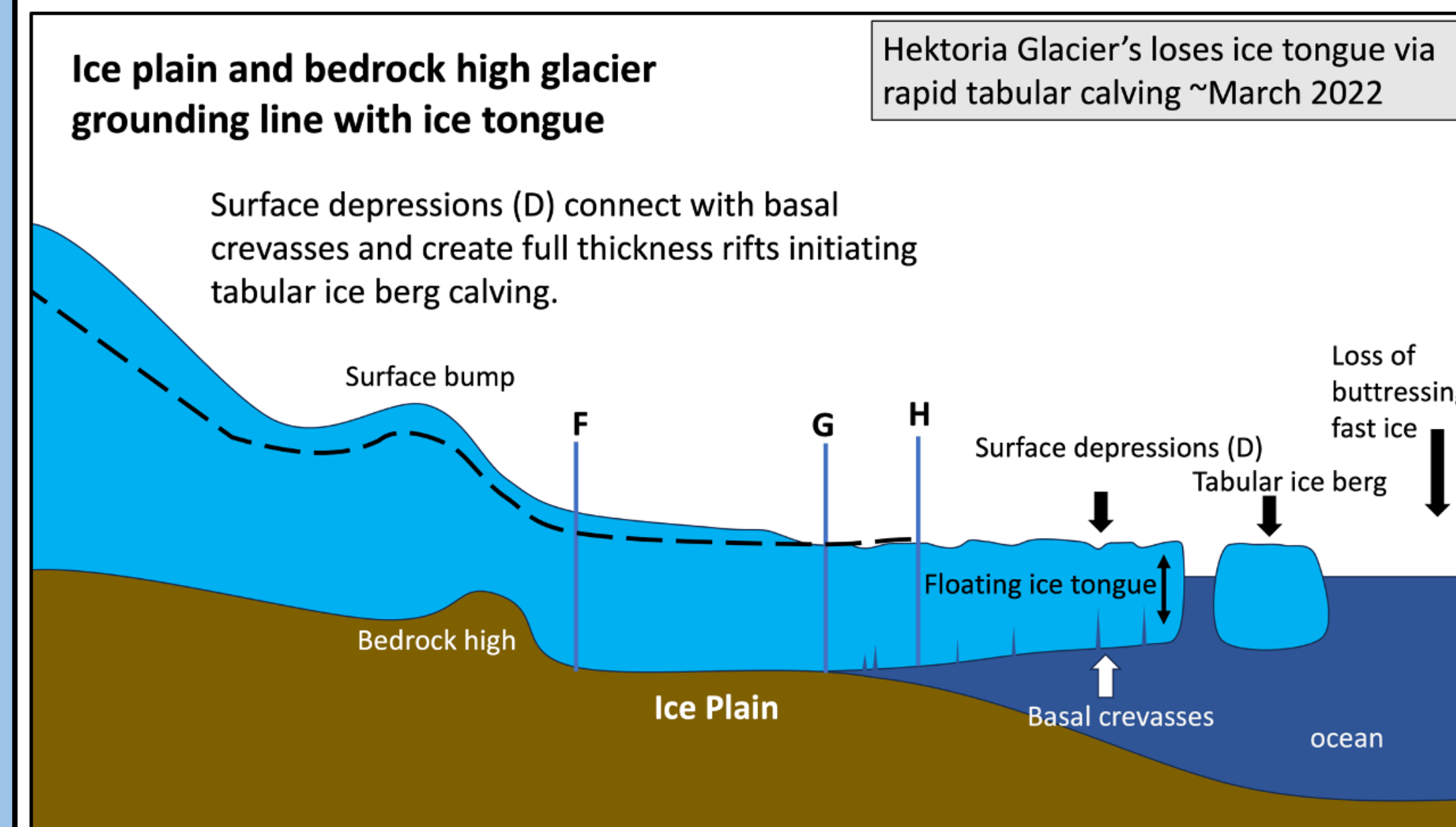
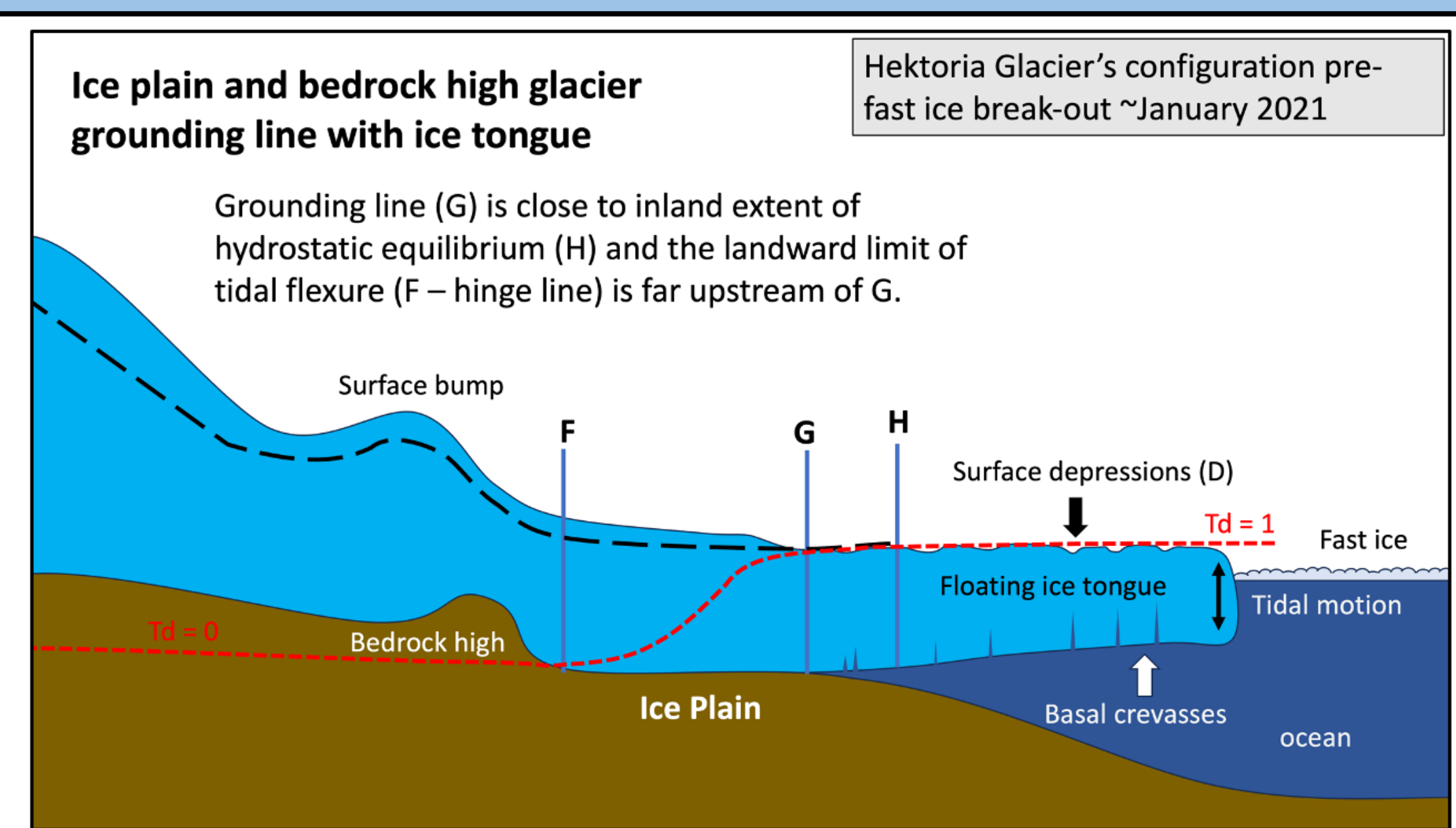
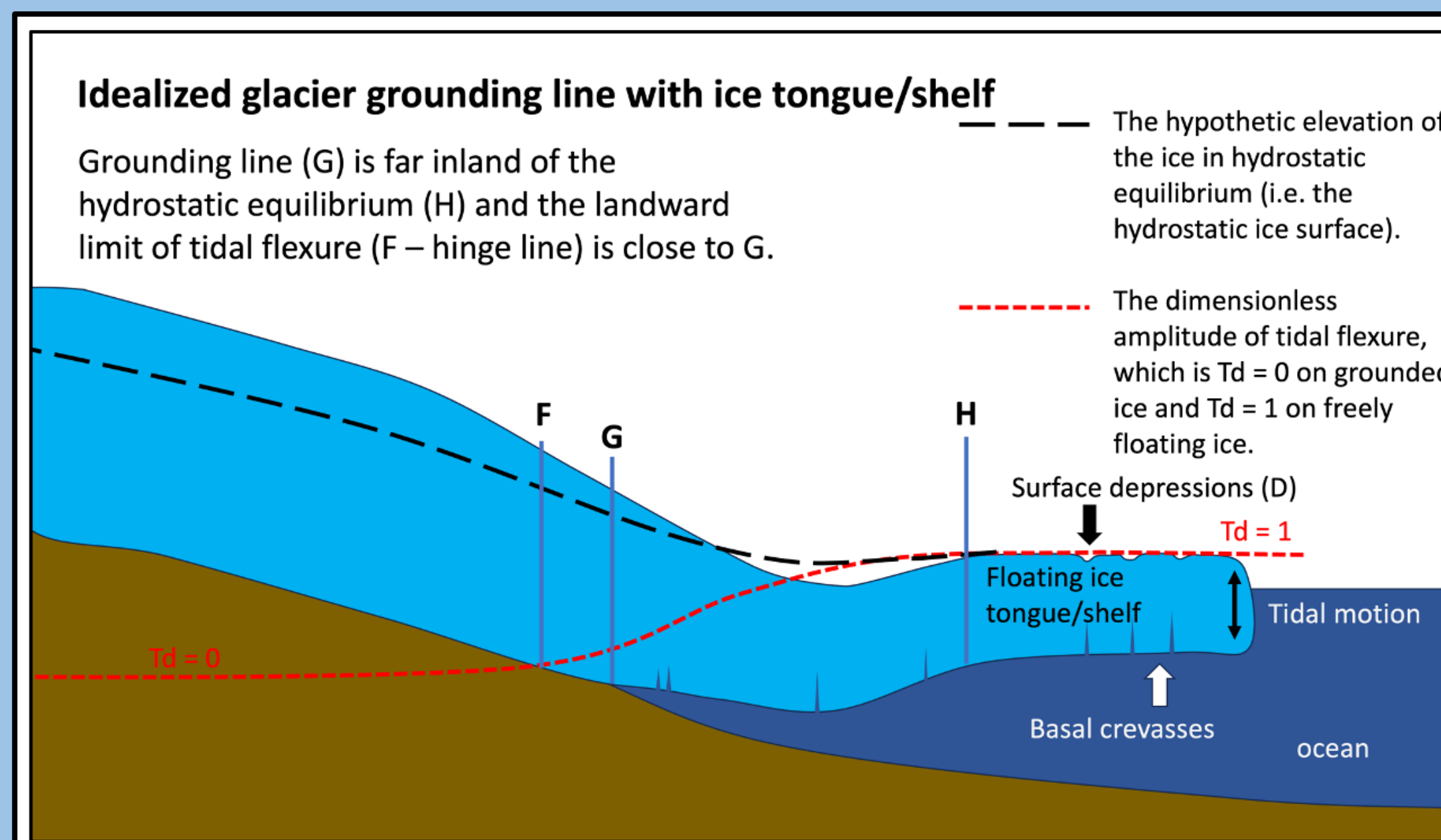
So What?



Since the fast ice broke-out Hektoria is **~6 times faster** in speed (~300 to ~1700 m/yr) and has **thinned over 75 m** at a thinning rate **40 times faster** than before.



Why?



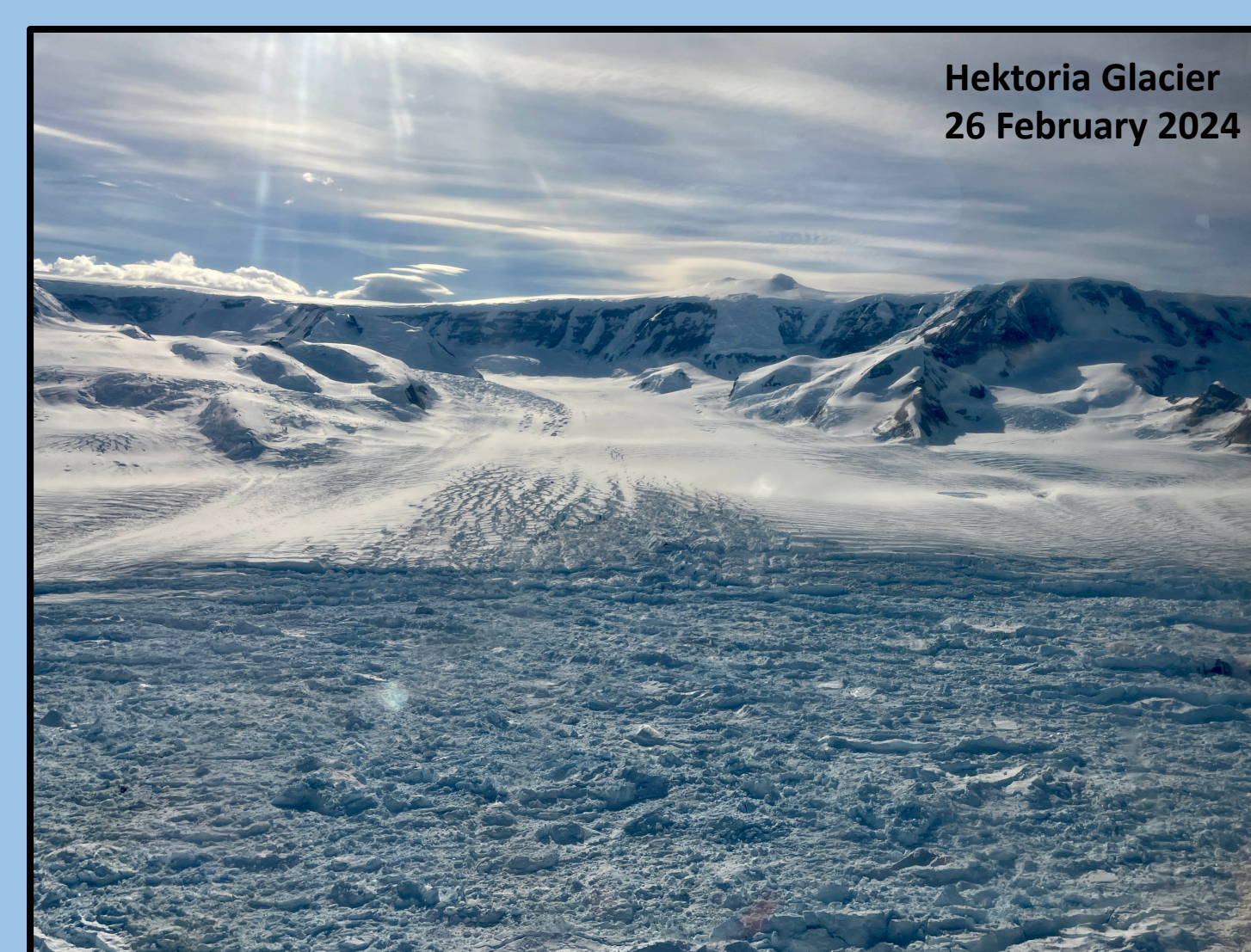
Hektoria Glacier likely had an **ice plain**, a region where the bedrock is flat and the glacier ice is **close to flotation**. With the loss of the fast ice and subsequent disintegration of its 300m thick ice tongue, dynamic thinning initiated a near **instantaneous retreat** of the grounding line and rapid **buoyancy-driven calving**.

Acknowledgements:

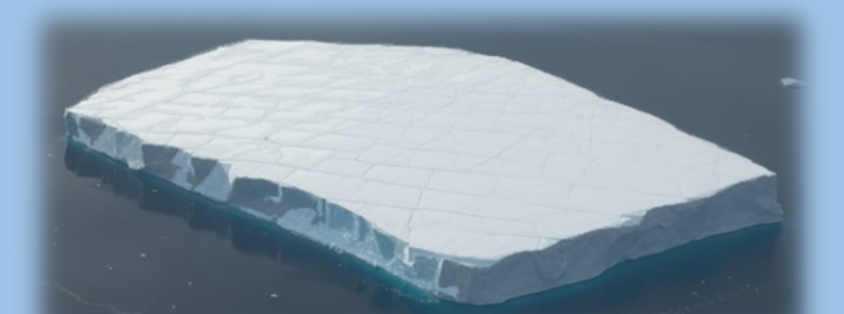
We would like to thank NASA for funding our research and our fieldwork in 2024. We thank CIRES for continued support, particularly CIRES travel and Dawn Williams. We thank the Instituto Antártico Argentino for supporting our fieldwork to the Peninsula and the helicopter pilots who flew us over Hektoria Glacier. We thank the many conversations with Doug Benn, Catherine Walker, Ben Wallis, and countless others.

Reference:

Ochwat, N. E., Scambos, T. A., Banwell, A. F., Anderson, R. S., MacLennan, M. L., Picard, G., Shates, J. A., Marinsek, S., Margonari, L., Truffer, M., and Pettit, E. C.: Triggers of the 2022 Larsen B multi-year landfast sea ice breakout and initial glacier response, *The Cryosphere*, 18, 1709–1731, <https://doi.org/10.5194/tc-18-1709-2024>, 2024



Contact: naomi.ochwat@colorado.edu



¹ Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences, University of Colorado Boulder
² Department of Geological Sciences, University of Colorado Boulder
³ Institute for Arctic and Alpine Research, Department of Geological Sciences, University of Colorado Boulder
⁴ Department of Geography, Faculty of Science and Engineering, Swansea University, Swansea, United Kingdom
⁵ LEGOS, Université de Toulouse, CNRS, IRD, UPS, Toulouse, France